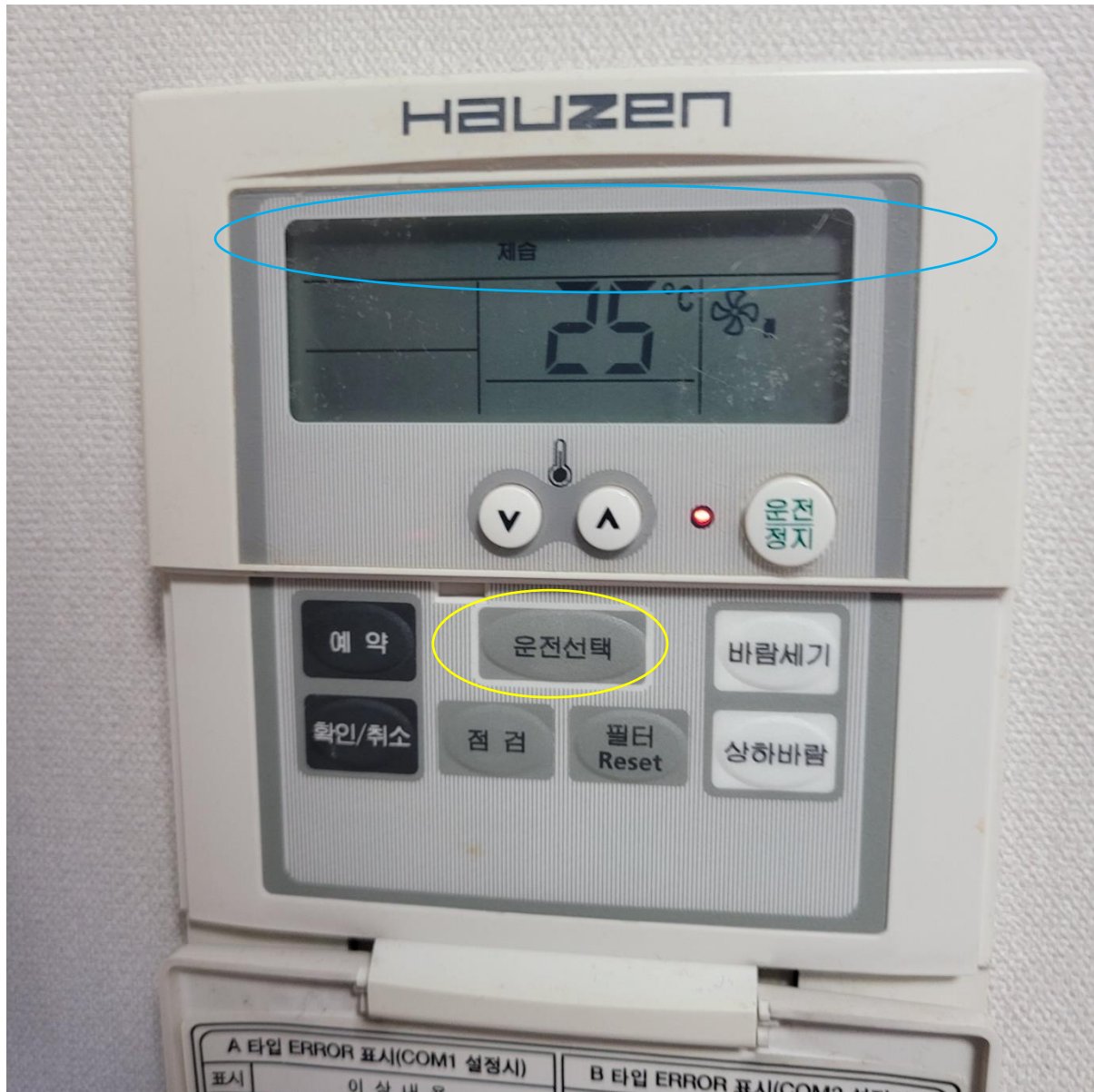




This is what the Air-con unit controller looks like when it is off. When you press the encircled button (it says On/Off) it turns on.



This is what mine (the one in my room) looks like when I turn it on. And this is the optimal setting for producing the coolest air. To achieve this, we must cycle through the different modes of the air-conditioning unit. Let's start with the encircled “운전선택” button. Look at the top row (the area inside the blue circle) on the screen and compare this picture with the following other pictures.



Here It says, “제습.” This word means “Humidity Control.” Clearly not very good at keeping the room cool. It, however, is useful for controlling the humidity on rainy days.





The next option is “송풍.” This is just a regular fan. Not bad, but not optimal.



Next, we have “난방.” This word means, “heating.” The opposite of what we are looking for during summer. However, this is helpful to remember for the winter.



The word in the top row this time is “자동.” It means, “automatic.” From my experience, it seems to automatically adjust the temperature to what the unit feels to be optimal.



And finally, we have cycled back to “냉방.” This word means, “cooling.” This is the option you are looking for after getting back to your dorm room on a hot day. Something to note is that the encircled button is the only one that I have pressed, but, as you may have noticed, the settings on the other boxes (aside from the top row) have been changing as well. Not important. We can ignore that.





Next is fan speed. The button inside the yellow circle this time is called, “바람세기.” It means “fan speed.” The current picture does not have the capability to fully express the phenomenon that is happening here. What happens when you press that button when the box with the fan logo has three bars is that the bars cycle going one > two > three. I honestly am not familiar with what that does.





Pressing it once more leads to the bar staying still and not cycling through other bars. This is the weakest fan speed.



Pressing it again another time, we get middle fan speed.



Lastly, we get the strongest fan speed by pressing it a third time.





Last thing. We have “상하바람.” This controls the vertical axis of the air conditioner. You can set it to move and then stop it when it faces what you personally deem to be most optimal. A mark will appear in the encircled area.

Final reminders:

No matter how hard you try to set the temperature below 25 degrees (Celsius because this is South Korea), it will never work. There is an automatic limiter in place.

When you are not using the air-conditioner, because it's cold, or you're out and about, please change the settings or turn it off. Not just because it saves electricity, but I personally have found that the air-conditioner performance increases when I turn it back on after not using it.